Martial Law in Florida A Revised State Constitution

UPDATE, September 21, 2001 - On Friday, September 7, Florida Governor "Jeb" Bush signed Executive Order No. 01-261 which states, in part:

"I hereby delegate to The Adjutant General of the State of Florida all necessary authority, within approved budgetary appropriations or grants, to order members of the Florida National Guard into active service, as defined by Section 250.27, Florida Statutes, for the purpose of training to support law-enforcement personnel and emergency-management personnel in the event of civil disturbances or natural disasters and to provide training support to law-enforcement personnel and communitybased organizations relating to counter drug operations. This Executive Order shall remain in full force and effect until the earlier of its revocation or June 30, 2003."

This Florida EO places the Florida National Guard [which is *not* a lawful militia], a unit of the Federal U.S. Army, in control of all Florida law enforcement [State FDLE, County Sheriffs, and local PD's] and the Florida Emergency Management Agency [Florida's FEMA under federal FEMA control]. <u>This took</u> place four days <u>before</u> the World Trade Center disaster.

On the morning of Tuesday, September 11, Pres. "G.W." Bush was in a Sarasota,

Florida classroom reading a story about a pet goat when his Chief of Staff whispered in his ear about the WTC "terrorism". Rather than attend to this national disaster, "G.W." continues to read the goat story to these second grade children and then, 30 minutes later, makes a brief statement to the press. More about this odd behavior can be read at <u>The Obscure Goat Story</u>.

Governor "Jeb" then signed Florida Executive Order No. 01-262 immediately after the second WTC tower fell. Florida was the first STATE to declare a "State of Emergency" and did so before New York State or the Federal Washington City leaders did, yet there were no "terroristic" incidents that had taken place. Florida EO 01-262 states, in part [bold emphasis added]:

"I hereby declare that a state of emergency exists in the State of Florida... The authority to suspend the effect of any statute or rule governing the conduct of state business, and the further authority to suspend the effect of any order or rule of any governmental entity... The authority to seize and utilize any and all real or personal property as needed to meet this emergency... The authority to order the evacuation of any or all persons from any location in the State of Florida, and the authority to regulate the movement of any or all persons to or from any location in the State; The authority to regulate the return of the evacuees to their home communities... I hereby order the Adjutant General to activate the Florida National Guard for the duration of this emergency."

There is no declared expiration of this Florida Executive Order. In case you haven't figured it out yet, Florida is now under martial law and will remain so until this EO is revoked. We tried to warn the people of Florida about this in 1998 when our State Constitution was changed in order to allow this to take place [see below].

If you plan on vacationing in Florida State, remember that you have entered a Martial Law State under the control of the Washington City "brothers" and federal troops. This looks and smells far too much like 1865.

UPDATE - April 1, 1999:

The sleepy atmosphere that precedes first period was broken at Hobbs Middle School on Thursday morning by the sound of **Marine, Navy and Coast Guard pilots marching through the school's halls.** While sixth-graders in Lynnette Whitfield's geography class were watching CNN reports on NATO air strikes against Yugoslavia, they heard a voice bark over the intercom: "Military personnel, take your classrooms." The mock "takeover" of Hobbs Middle School by pilots and flight students from Whiting Field was a way to illustrate what martial law is all about, said Lt. Troy Beshears, a Coast Guard pilot assigned to Whiting Field Naval Air Station. "We're going for shock value initially," said Navy Lt. Dan Deutermann.

- From the *Pensacola News Journal*, 26 March, 1999 by Jenny LaCoste, copyright 1999 Pensacola News Journal.

How quickly the history books have now omitted that, during the Civil War and Reconstruction, Lincoln's government arrested and tried civilians in military and civilian courts, ignoring all rules of constitutional habeas corpus. This led to the passage of the Posse Comitatus Act which purportedly restricts using the military for domestic law enforcement. Lincoln's justification was the inherent military power of the Commander-in-Chief and his duty to "take care that the laws be faithfully executed." This is widely abused today and known more commonly as Executive Orders, or E.O.'s.

When it comes to the use of troops to restore order during any "national emergency", the Chief Executive can suspend the Posse Comitatus Act with the stroke of a pen and nothing more. The question is, will the "civilian" courts allow this? In the State of Florida, the Constitution has been revised to allow this and

much more.

Florida's Newly Revised Constitution

During the past *purported* November 3, 1998 "elections", the people of Florida were asked to vote on thirteen revisions to the Constitution of the State of Florida. "REVISION 13: CLARIFICATIONS" was the <u>only</u> proposed "revision" that had no media press coverage or public opposition, yet this revision was the most damaging and open admission that the corporate State of Florida (which is not 'Florida state' or the 'people of Florida') is under full military judicial control. <u>Click here for a full copy of the approved</u> <u>Florida Constitutional REVISION 13: CLARIFICATIONS</u>.

This Revision (as approved by the 'electorate' and now in force within Florida State) was allegedly necessary to clarify "gender" language in the current *purported* 1968 Constitution, but in reality, it was the crux for the entire revision process. In their own published summary, the Florida Constitution Revision Commission says this specific Revision:

"Removes gender-specific references; **allows prison sentences in court-martial actions**; consolidates ethics code provision; specifies time for veto message consideration; clarifies that legislature gives designated officials final general appropriations bills 72 hours before passage; **allows direct appeal of courts-martial to specified state court and advisory opinions from federal military courts**; requires earlier constitution revision commission appointments; changes tax and budget reform commission voting procedures and meetings from every 10 to every 20 years."

The average Floridian should be asking **'What do court-martial actions and the opinions of federal military courts have to do with us?'**. The answer is *everything*. Look closely at how this revision has now revised ARTICLE I, BILL OF RIGHTS, SECTION 18 in the Florida 1968 Constitution. All additions as a result of Revision 13 are <u>underlined</u> in red:

"SECTION 18. Administrative penalties.--No administrative agency, <u>except the</u> <u>Department of Military Affairs in an appropriately convened court-martial action as</u> <u>provided by law</u>, shall impose a sentence of imprisonment, nor shall it impose any other penalty except as provided by law."

This simply means that the military within Florida may imprison **anyone** - civilian and military alike - in a court-martial *action*, which is not necessarily a proper 'hearing'. Do you think this doesn't effect you? As you will read later on, **all State of Florida ''Judicial'' Courts are actually Military Court-Martial Courts**. This is a "catch-all" that allows any State Administrator, *i.e.*, the Department of Consumer Affairs, Agricultural Department, Department of State, to impose a prison sentence for violation of any Administrative Code. Said Administrative Codes are *not* Legislative Laws or general laws. They are nothing other than Executive Orders (EO's) from the Governor, who is also the Military Commander of the State of Florida. For example, you could be *imprisoned* in a court-martial 'action' for selling an airline ticket to a friend because you don't have the required Administrative 'Seller of Travel' license. It's that

simple.

How this revision effects the *purported* civilian courts is an admission by the State of Florida that our Courts were already subject to military rule and authority. Look closely at ARTICLE V, JUDICIARY, now amended to read:

"SECTION 1. Courts.--The judicial power shall be vested in a supreme court, district courts of appeal, circuit courts and county courts. No other courts may be established by the state, any political subdivision or any municipality. The legislature shall, by general law, divide the state into appellate court districts and judicial circuits following county lines. Commissions established by law, or administrative officers or bodies may be granted quasi-judicial power in matters connected with the functions of their offices. The legislature may establish by general law a civil traffic hearing officer system for the purpose of hearing civil traffic infractions. The legislature may, by general law, authorize a military court-martial to be conducted by military judges of the Florida National Guard, with direct appeal of a decision to the District Court of Appeal, First District.

SECTION 2. Administration; practice and procedure.--

(a) The supreme court shall adopt rules for the practice and procedure in all courts including the time for seeking appellate review, the administrative supervision of all courts, the transfer to the court having jurisdiction of any proceeding when the jurisdiction of another court has been improvidently invoked, and a requirement that no cause shall be dismissed because an improper remedy has been sought. The supreme court shall adopt rules to allow the court and the district courts of appeal to submit questions relating to military law to the federal Court of Appeals for the Armed Forces for an advisory opinion. These Rules of court may be repealed by general law enacted by two-thirds vote of the membership of each house of the legislature.''

Not convinced yet? Once again... if the military had nothing to do with our purported "civilian" courts, why was it necessary to invoke military judges and opinions of the Federal Armed Forces? Revision 13 'passed' without anyone ever knowing it's far reaching effects. This is the only Revision that the media did not speak about... and for a reason. It is not only an admission of what already exists, but it is the final step to imposing full martial law in Florida courts, thereby abolishing any common law or objections by the *people* to their rulings.

When did the Military take over Florida?

The <u>last</u> *lawful* "Constitution for the People of Florida" (*not* the State of Florida) was adopted in open Convention on January 10, 1861. We say *lawful* because this was the last Constitution that was voted for by the *free* people of Florida state. Subsequent *purported* Constitutions were never approved by a free electorate (see below). In this 1861 Constitution, Florida declared her people to be "a sovereign and independent nation" and withdrew herself from the "Confederacy of States existing under the name of the United States of America and from the existing government of said States". Florida declared that her people were not under federal rule.

On January 26, 1861, a national flag of Florida was first proposed "with a green tree in a white field, with red vertical baron fly, with a white star on a blue center". In June 1861, the *lawfully* elected Legislature of Florida adopted a modified version of the earlier proposal which became the <u>first official flag</u> ever adopted by the government of the people of Florida, as shown below. As Florida was involved with other free nations in the [purported] "Civil War," this flag became the "military colors" under a state of war and was flown above the capitol building in Tallahassee until late March, 1865.



It's a fact that Tallahassee was the *only* southern "confederate" capitol east of the Mississippi river that never fell into the hands of United States Federal Union troops during Lincoln's (un)Civil War. This was averted on March 3, 1865 at Natural Bridge, whereby the remnant of sovereign Florida Army troops, along with seventy old men and a group of seminary school students as young as fourteen years old, held off a battle-seasoned Union Army assault attempting to march on the capitol.

In May 1865, after the Union of southern Confederate States had officially surrendered, the nation of Florida and its capitol was fully occupied by Federal Union troops whose military commander then suspended all civil law and declared martial law to be in full force and effect. The 1861 Constitution for the people of Florida was suspended and revoked by martial law and rule. The Union Military Commander was given Federal Union authority to act as the Provisional Military Governor of Florida. Lincoln's infamous Lieber Codes of Military Occupation Instruction were invoked throughout Florida. Florida became an occupied nation under military martial law rule of the Federal Union Government.

Restoration of Civil Law and Government

On November 7, 1865, by order of the Military Provisional Governor, Florida's former elected delegates were made to assemble in *purported* Convention to adopt what was basically a mirror of the 1861 Constitution, but were *forced* under threats, duress and coercion to omit the previous "Ordinance of

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Secession from the United States of America". This is known as the *purported* Florida Constitution of 1865. Remember, this Constitution was *adopted* under direct orders of the Military Provisional Governor. It was never sent to the People of Florida for vote by the electorate and was never lawfully ratified. Added to this 1865 Constitution was ARTICLE XVII entitled SCHEDULE AND ORDINANCE. Section IV provided that the Provisional Military Governor was "requested to authorize" the re-establishment of civil law and civil government. Section V "requested and authorized" the Provisional Military Governor to issue writs of election for all State and County Officials to be held on November 29, 1865. This he did. The newly elected General Assembly then met on the third Monday in December, 1865. It was too late for Florida to vote on the ratification of the U.S. Thirteenth Amendment which had already passed ratification by the other States on December 8, 1865 in itself proving, by fact, that at least seven former Confederate southern States were considered States of the Union at that time. **From December 1865 until March 1867, Florida was recognized as a free State of the Union and subject to the U.S. Constitution with the official "assistance" of the occupying Federal military presence.**

On April 2, 1866, President Andrew Johnson issued a proclamation that **"the insurrection which heretofore existed in the States of Georgia, South Carolina, Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee, Alabama, Louisiana, Arkansas, Mississippi, and Florida is at an end, and is henceforth to be so regarded"**. As all the southern states, excepting Texas at that time, had re-established civil law and government through adopted State Constitutions, Andrew Johnson was reiterating the fact that they were *lawful independent States* once again joined to the Union of the United States of America via the <u>U.S.</u> <u>Constitution</u>.

Rejection of the Fourteenth U.S. Constitutional Amendment

On June 16, 1866, the U.S. Secretary of State submitted to Florida, as well as all the States of the *purported* Union, a proposed Amendment to the United States Constitution, to later be known as the Fourteenth Amendment. Florida rejected the proposed Fourteenth Amendment in *lawful* Convention on December 6, 1866 as did fourteen other States. Since there were thirty-seven States of the Union at that time, the eventual rejection by fifteen of those States proves in fact and law that the Fourteenth Amendment was *not* adopted by the three-fourths required majority.

On March 2, 1867, in his official veto message of the proposed Fourteenth Amendment, President Andrew Johnson further reiterated "It is not denied that the <u>States</u> in question [the former Confederate southern States, including Florida] have each of them an actual government with all the powers, executive, judicial, and legislative, which properly belong to a free State. They are organized like other States of the Union, and, like them, they make, administer, and execute laws which concern their domestic affairs." (Underlining added)

Both Houses of the Federal U.S. Congress passed over the President's veto that very same day and

instituted three Acts, more commonly known as the **Reconstruction Acts**, between March 2 and July 19, 1867. Ignoring the *lawful* Constitutions of the ten southern States, "Congress" instituted **"An Act to provide for the more efficient Government of the Rebel States"** and subsequently passed by <u>declaration</u> the **Reconstruction Acts**, of which <u>none</u> were *lawfully* approved by *any* of the States, including the northern States. One must remember that since 1861, "Congress" had adjourned *sine die*, or "without day" for reconvening, and was brought into *purported* "assembly session" in 1861 by Executive Order of President Lincoln, the military Commander-in-Chief. Since that day, the U.S. "Congress" has never met under Constitutional authority, but under Executive Order. This fact proves to all Americans who is in control of the Federal Government and the States, even today.

The unlawful Reconstruction Acts imposed

In Florida, a *lawfully* elected civil government and civil law were reinstated in December 1865 by authority of the declared Florida Constitution of 1865. Florida was a State of the Union of United States of America. Had the once again *purportedly* free People of Florida held elections one month earlier, they could have *lawfully* voted on the Thirteenth Amendment, as had other former southern Confederate States. From then until March 2, 1867 - a declared peacetime civil law and government of fourteen months - the People of Florida were at peace, enjoyed civil rule and order, and had re-established their Statehood without Federal objection, as was initially ordered and overseen by the Military Provisional Governor in November, 1865. The civil law and government of Florida was not "provisional" as the former Provisional Military Governor had "stepped down" from his post in December 1865 when the duly and lawfully elected governor was sworn in. The **Reconstruction Acts** ignored these facts. As quoted from "**Chapter CLIII - An Act to provide for the more efficient Government of the Rebel States**":

"SECTION I. Whereas, no legal [*not* lawful] State government or adequate protection for life or property now exists in the rebel states of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas and Arkansas; and whereas it is necessary that peace and good order should be enforced in said States until loyal and republican State governments can legally be established [*not* elected]: Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, that said rebel States shall be divided into military districts and made subject to the military authority of the United States as hereinafter prescribed, and for that purpose Virginia shall constitute the first district; North Carolina and South Carolina the second district; Georgia, Alabama and Florida the third district; Mississippi and Arkansas the fourth district; and Louisiana and Texas the fifth district.''

The approximate sixty thousand Floridians had absolutely *no* problems maintaining an orderly civil law as there were no insurrections, violence, or disturbances of the public common peace. Life and property were adequately protected and the common law Sheriff's and Constable's were in full control at all times along with the re-established common law judicial courts. Why was it necessary to <u>impose by force</u> the

unlawful **Reconstruction Acts** in a State where peace and good order were established? The answer lies in the Acts themselves: **military rule and control of the State**(**s**).

"SECTION II. And be it further enacted, that it shall be the <u>duty</u> of the President to assign to the command of each of the said districts an officer of the army, not below the rank of Brigadier-General, and to <u>detail a sufficient military force to enable such officer to perform</u> <u>his duties and enforce his authority</u> within the district to which he is assigned."

What really bothered "Congress" was that President Johnson just kept vetoing their Acts and refused to enforce them when his vetoes were passed over. Then "Congress" passed the **Army Appropriations Act** whereby the President was forced to issue all orders only through the General of the Army. This was meant to keep the President from issuing Executive Orders to control the Army. "Congress" insisted that it was the President's "duty" to assign military taskmasters over the southern States.

The new U.S. electorates (voters)

On March 23, 1867, just 21 days later, "Congress" passed the second of the **Reconstruction Acts** known as **"Chapter VI. An Act supplementary to an Act entitled 'An act to provide for the more efficient Government of the Rebel States', passed March the second, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, and to facilitate Restoration**". The purpose of this Act was to register, *by military force*, all males twenty-one years or older; then, to force an "election" from this new electorate of conscripted U.S. "loyal" voters. Threats, duress, and coercion by the military "instructed" the new "electorate" how to vote and who to vote for. This is literally voting with a gun held to your head telling you who to vote for and how to vote. This is *not* a free election under a republican form of government.

"SECTION I. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, that before the first day of September, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, the commanding general in each district...shall cause a registration to be made of the male citizens of the United States, twenty-one years of age and upwards, resident in each county or parish in the State or States included in his district, which registration shall include only those persons who are qualified to vote for delegates by the act aforesaid..."

So, just *who* was considered a "qualified" voter by this federal Act? Aren't all Floridians qualified to vote? Not since 1867 and <u>not today</u>. You must *first* take an oath of allegiance to the federal U.S. and not to the free state of Florida if you wish to vote.

"...and shall have taken and subscribed the following oath or affirmation: 'I...do solemnly swear (or affirm)...that I have not been disfranchised for participation in any rebellion or civil war against the United States...that I have never held any executive or judicial office in any State and afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof...that I will faithfully support the Constitution and obey the laws of the United States..." Martial Law in Florida

What happened to these men when they were <u>forced</u> to take this oath? By the plain language shown herein, they were made to renounce the existence of the free People of Florida, a former "rebel" state of *purported* rebellion, and swear allegiance to the "laws" of the federal United States <u>only</u>. Take a close look at the "oath" every Florida "registered voter" <u>must</u> take today, and you will see it has not changed in intent or meaning since 1867. It was the <u>military</u> who determined who was an "eligible" voter, and still does. In order to enforce these **Reconstruction Acts** throughout the occupied southern states, more than 20,000 Union troops were sent to each of the five new Military Districts. The result was a <u>forced</u> registration of 703,000 black "voters" and 627,000 white "voters" to comprise the official (military) electorate in the ten southern states, including Florida.

"SECTION II. And be it further enacted, that after the completion of the registration hereby provided for in any State, at such time and places therein as the commanding general shall appoint and direct...an election shall be held of delegates to a convention for the purpose of establishing a constitution and civil government for such State loyal to the Union...'

Florida already had a *lawfully* recognized civil government and a *lawful* 1861 and an adopted 1865 Constitution. Is it any clearer that the military was placed into complete control of the electorate and even had authority of when to call for a (*unlawful*) military martial law imposed election?

"SECTION IV. And be it further enacted, that the commanding general of each district shall appoint as many boards of registration as may be necessary, consisting of three loyal officers, to make and complete the registration, superintend the election, and make return to him of the votes, list of voters...and said [elected delegates] convention, when organized, shall proceed to frame a constitution and civil government according to the provisions of this Act...''

This is a perfect example of Military Rule or Martial law: to appoint loyal military officers as the election boards, have them supervise the elections, then allow them to return the votes back to the general in command for a *purported* tally. There's enough room here for fraud, which is exactly what took place. The whole purpose was to abolish the State Constitutions already in effect and replace them with "new" constitutions and "new" civil laws with a "new" twist... total military rule and control of the voter, the voting process, and the purported "results".

The Federal 1868 Florida Constitution

When the third of the unlawful **Reconstruction Acts** was imposed by force on the people of Florida on July 19, 1867 (once again over President Johnson's veto), the final nail was hammered into any possibility that Florida would ever be a free people again:

"SECTION I. Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the United

States of America in Congress assembled, that it is hereby declared to have been the true intent and meaning of the [citation of the previous Reconstruction Acts] that the governments then existing in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas and Arkansas were not legal State governments; and that thereafter said governments, if continued, were to be continued subject in all respects to the military commanders of the respective districts, and to the paramount authority of Congress.''

After fourteen months of "peace" and civil order in Florida under the adopted 1865 Florida Constitution, "Congress" decided that there was really no peace or recognized law in Florida after all. Section II of the third **Reconstruction Act** gave the commander of any district the power and authority to *forcibly* suspend or remove any civilian or military office that was granted by **"any so-called State or the government thereof":**

"SECTION IV. And be it further enacted, that the acts of the officers of the army already done in removing in said districts persons exercising the functions of civil officers, and appointing others in their stead, are hereby confirmed... and it shall be the duty of such commander to remove from office as aforesaid all persons who are disloyal to the government [not Constitution] of the United States..."

Section VII allowed the military district commanders to revise the voter registration lists and to strike the name of any person not "entitled" to vote, solely at the judgment of the military, by refusing him the "privilege" to vote. Today, an applicant to register as a "voter" in Florida must show proof of federal <u>U.S.</u> Citizenship.

The **Reconstruction Acts** brought about the new *federalized* or *unionized* "**Constitution of the State** (*not* <u>People</u>) **of Florida**" as *unlawfully* "adopted" on February 25, 1868. This *purported* Florida Constitution of 1868 is the basis for all subsequent Florida Constitutions since. All the *purported* "electorate" were hand picked by the military. If a man wasn't deemed 100% loyal to the U.S. Government or U.S. Military, his name was removed from the voter registration list by force. Only those who swore loyalty to the federal U.S. were even eligible, let alone qualified to "vote". And don't forget that all voting in this instance was done under the rifles of Union army troops.

The "new" Constitutions for all the southern "rebel" States were forced to include the Fourteenth Amendment provisions that were *lawfully* and constitutionally rejected by the same southern States in 1866 through 1867. By 1870, all the southern "rebel" States had "adopted" their new Fourteenth Amendment based **Federalized State Constitutions** and were admitted to Congress upon their forced <u>peacetime</u> "reorganizations". It's bad enough that the ten southern free nation States had lost a "civil" war they did not proclaim, but then to be "raped" of their *lawful* and constitutional free governments two years after is even worse. The southern "rebel" States are all "federal" States and are controlled by the federal military troops that still occupy their soil today as U.S. Reserves or National Guard divisions of the U.S. Federal Military.

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The *purported* and *unlawful* 1868 Florida Constitution (as does the present 1968 version) added a multitude of federal provisions and eliminated all references to "freemen". It gave it's new federal citizens the "benefit" of government and told them they have the right to "amend", *not* abolish, their State government. No matter how bad the military instituted government in Tallahassee becomes, the people can <u>not</u> abolish the corporate government of the State of Florida. Prior to 1868, Floridians had the **Right** that the *habeas corpus act* shall not be suspended but in cases where the *people* may require suspension. In 1868, it became a "privilege" of the government and may be suspended when the "public safety" may require suspension. The government deems what is a threat to "public safety", not the People. These are two of many changes made in Florida's *purported* 1868 Constitution which adhere to military and federal guidelines for U.S. Citizens. Rights of the people had become privileges of the State. This "federalization" of Florida was instituted in 1868 and is in greater effect today as the federal military prepares for the year 2000.

Conclusion

Take a close look at REVISION 13 at the top of this page. Compare that with what you now know about the progression of federal control through the military that has ruled over Florida since 1867. For one hundred thirty-two years, Florida, a once free and independent nation state, has been a Federal corporate State under Martial Rule. Our judicial courts are Martial Law Tribunals where the basis and foundation of the laws of the People, the Christian based common Law, are abolished and revoked. Since the state, which compromises that of the people, had turned into a corporate State of government under military law and martial rule in 1868, Florida and her people have been forced to comply and adhere to nothing less than a federal dictatorship under martial law. The proof is in the recent revisions to an already *unlawful* State Constitution. Now that these revisions have been "passed" by the "loyal U.S. Citizenship electorate" under their sworn oaths of U.S. loyalty, the courts in 1999 have now "officially" become Military Court-Martial Courts.

We have only ourselves to blame for the position we are now in. Florida and her people are very far from being anywhere close to *free*. Everything from our "privilege" to vote to our entire governments, both State and local, is under the enforcement of the U.S. Military through the whims of the self-legalized but *unlawful* U.S. "Congress". The record speaks for itself and the facts cannot be reversed. What has been done is done. However, Good and Lawful Christians in Florida have little choice as to the solution of this dilemma. Since our *purported* Constitution of 1968 reiterates the same 1868 Constitutional necessity that we can only "amend" the wrongs of our government, how do we abolish that which is no longer within our control? How can we change that which is nothing less than a puppet of wanton Federal "Congressional" control through military enforcement?

The answer lies in Truth. The *lawfully* adopted **Constitution for the People of Florida of 1861** <u>must</u> be restored. This is the <u>only</u> Constitution for the People of Florida. It's not a corporate State Constitution as we now have and have had since 1868. Federalism and Martial Law have overpowered the free people of Florida since then. Our civil governments and our schools are under federal control. Proof is in the gold braided U.S. Military flag that is displayed in each school room and every government office, and always

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flown above our corporate State of Florida flag. How blind can we continue to be?

The People of God are destroyed for lack of knowledge. Now you have some factual knowledge to pray about. If you want to read the *people's* 1861 Florida Constitution, go to Florida Constitution of 1861 and print out a copy. Compare it with the 1868 federalized State Constitution by clicking here for the Florida Constitution of 1868. See for yourselves what road we have been led down. Don't take Our word for this... look for yourselves.

After you have read the Truth, then you must find the solution. A part of that solution is sharing with other Christians the Truths you have now learned. Another part is refusing to "comply" and accept the "privileges" offered by the unlawful governments enforced by their military "peace officers" and "public safety" compliance departments. If we don't begin to let <u>them</u> know that <u>we</u> know what they're doing, then they will not be hindered. Complacency is our demise, but soon we will hear of the "nightmare" stories of imprisonment for no moral or justifiable reasons as a result of such ignorant complacency. It's already begun, and the *purported* "passage" of REVISION 13 has completed their "legal" but *unlawful* task in their ungodly court-martial star chambers.

If you want to live within the freedom of Christ Jesus, then practice what you believe. Let your works and words follow your faith. Let faith be not just words but actions also. Every Good and Lawful Christian is of the army of God. We all have our own personal part, but are all of the same army. If you don't want to fight for His Truth, His Freedom, and His Liberty, then you are not of Him. The day is soon approaching when you will be forced to either renounce Christ Jesus as Sovereign Lord, or become an unacceptable member of the worldly society and rule, subject to imprisonment just for proclaiming publicly that you are a Christian. The military tribunal courts in Florida, parading around as "circuit" and "county" courts of the people, will decide this for you if you cannot decide for yourself. There exists today not one civil or common law court in Florida. The "judges" of the State courts have taken an oath to the "State" which is under martial law and rule. REVISION 13 has proven that further.

Fellow Floridians: wake up... open your spiritual eyes... hear His Word through His Spirit. If you don't act now, you may never have another chance. God never promised you a rose garden to dream in all day and night. Mankind without God is an ugly sight, and we must live *in* this world even though we are not *of* the world. If you don't fight for what is Right in Him, you will soon believe that which is wrong is right. Perhaps that's why we have come to this stage so quickly.

God Bless Florida and her People in Him.

Constitutional Revision 13 (Click Here) Miscellaneous Matters And Technical Revisions

	% Report	YES for Approval	NO for Rejection
Total		1,869,111	1,530,883
Percent	100.0%	55.0%	45.0%

This article was compiled and written by Anthony Wayne for Lawgiver.Org